Design of an Efficient, Lightweight Flying Capacitor Multilevel Converter for Electrified Flight

arpa.e

Berkeley Power and **Energy Center**

Motivation and Application



- Air travel accounts for ~200 million tons of CO₂ emissions annually (3% of US greenhouse gas emissions)^[1]
- Air travel demand is expected to double every fifteen years
- Electrification of flight requires efficient, lightweight, and reliable power conversion
- Hardware must be flight qualified

Pictured: Ampaire Electric EEL flight

Hardware Prototype

- Snubbers enable decreased overlap loss without sacrificing conduction path
- Paralleled switches enable increased areal power density
- Derated energy density metric used to optimize flying capacitor part/count
- Custom inductor achieves 3x mass reduction

300

150



3D rendering of 8-level boost FCML prototype





Rahul Iver

[1] https://www.epa.gov/greenvehicles/fast-facts-transportationgreenhouse-gas-emissions

Nathan Miles Ellis Email: nathanmilesellis@berkeley.edu Email: rkiver@berkeley.edu